



Cert Gastroenterology(SA) Pead Blueprint

Aspects that can be covered in each area include:

Relevant anatomy (eg portal venous system), pathophysiology (eg portal hypertension, secretory-diarrhoea), pathology, and approach to diagnosis and treatment.

This is not a curriculum, rather a “blue print” to ensure that examinations are fairly balanced.

The major domains that are examined are hepatology, intestinal disease, clinical nutrition and diseases of the pancreas.

Domain		Weight
Hepatology	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Neonatal cholestatic disorders 2. Metabolic liver diseases 3. Disorders of bilirubin metabolism 4. Infections of the liver 5. Other causes of acute hepatitis (eg DILI) 6. Fulminant hepatic failure 7. Other causes of chronic hepatitis (eg AIH) 8. Chronic liver disease, cirrhosis and complications 9. Portal hypertension 10. Liver transplantation work up and post-transplant management 	35
Intestinal Disease	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Functional Gastrointestinal Disorders 2. Motility disorders of the intestine 3. Intestinal diseases such as: gastrooesophageal reflux disease, oesophagitis, gastritis peptic ulcer disease, peptic strictures, and upper gastrointestinal haemorrhage 4. Congenital abnormalities of the intestinal tract and congenital causes for diarrhoea and malabsorption syndromes (eg cystic fibrosis) 5. Inflammatory Bowel Disease 6. Primary and acquired immune deficiencies 7. Allergic disease of the intestine 8. Gastrointestinal Infections 	35
Pancreatic Disease	<p>Congenital abnormalities of the pancreas</p> <p>Acquired abnormalities of the pancreas</p>	10
Nutrition	<p>Malnutrition (under and over nutrition)</p> <p>Parenteral and enteral feeding</p> <p>The nutritional support of specific diseases</p> <p>Nutritional assessment</p>	20